Full Sutton and Skirpenbeck Parish Council

Sexual and General Harassment Policy and Procedure

This Policy and Procedure applies to all employees, Councillors and third parties (for example contractors and visitors). Please note that any complaint made against a Councillor must be made to the Monitoring Officer at East Riding of Yorkshire Council. That said, anyone making a complaint against a Councillor should follow this policy and procedure and they will be given support in making the complaint.

1.0 Introduction

1.1 Full Sutton and Skirpenbeck Parish Council (the Parish Council) recognises that harassment and victimisation is unlawful under the Equality Act 2010. As such, harassment or victimisation on the grounds of age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnerships, pregnancy or maternity, race, religion or belief, sex or sexual orientation is unacceptable and will not be tolerated.

1.2 Personal harassment takes many forms ranging from tasteless jokes and abusive remarks to pestering for sexual favours, threatening behaviour and actual physical abuse. For the purposes of this policy, it also includes bullying.

1.3 Bullying is understood to be targeted and persistently offensive, intimidating, malicious or insulting behaviour and can include the abuse or misuse of power to undermine, humiliate, denigrate or injure the recipient.

1.4 Whatever form it takes, personal harassment is always taken seriously and is totally unacceptable.

1.5 The Parish Council recognises that personal harassment can exist in the workplace, as well as outside, and that this can seriously affect employees working lives by interfering with their job performance or by creating a stressful, intimidating and unpleasant working environment.

1.6 The Parish Council deplores all forms of personal harassment and seeks to ensure that the working environment is sympathetic to all employees. The aim of this policy is to inform employees of the type of behaviour that is unacceptable and provide employees who are the victims of personal harassment with the means of redress.

1.7 This policy covers all areas of The Parish Council.

1.8 The Parish Council recognises that it has a duty to implement this policy and all employees are expected to comply with it. It will also endeavour to review this policy at regular intervals in order to monitor its effectiveness.

2.0 Examples of Personal Harassment

2.1 Personal harassment takes many forms and employees may not always realise that their behaviour constitutes harassment. Personal harassment is unwanted behaviour by one employee towards another and examples of harassment include:

- Insensitive jokes and pranks.
- Lewd or abusive comments.
- Deliberate exclusion from conversations.
- Displaying abusive or offensive writing or material.
- Abusive, threatening or insulting words or behaviour.
- Name-calling.
- Picking on someone or setting them up to fail.

- Exclusion or victimisation.
- Undermining their contribution/position.
- Demanding a greater work output than is reasonably feasible.
- Blocking promotion or other development/advancement.

2.2 These examples are not exhaustive and disciplinary action at the appropriate level will be taken against employees committing any form of personal harassment.

3.0 Examples of Sexual Harassment

3.1 Sexual harassment can take place in many forms within the workplace and can go undetected for a period of time where employees do not understand that particular behaviour is classed as sexual harassment. Sexual harassment is unwanted behaviour related to sex, or of a sexual nature, by one employee towards another and examples of sexual harassment include:

- Lewd or abusive comments of a sexual nature such as regarding an individual's appearance or body.
- Unwelcome touching of a sexual nature.
- Displaying sexually suggestive or sexually offensive writing or material.
- Asking questions of a sexual nature.
- Sexual propositions or advances, whether made in writing or verbally.

3.2 Sexual harassment can also take place where an employee is treated less favourably because they have rejected, or submitted to, the unwanted conduct that is related to sex or is of a sexual nature. Whether less favourable treatment occurs as a result will be examined broadly and includes areas such as blocking promotion and refusal of training opportunities or other development opportunities.

4.0 Examples of Victimisation

4.1 Victimisation takes place when an employee is treated unfavourably as a direct result of raising a genuine complaint of discrimination or harassment. Furthermore, any employee who supports or assists another employee to raise a complaint is also subjected to victimisation if they are treated unfavourably.

5.0 Third Party Harassment

5.1 The Parish Council operates a zero-tolerance policy in relation to harassment perpetrated against one of its employees by a third party, such as a contractors/residents or visitors to The Parish Council's meetings. All employees are encouraged to report any and all instances of harassment that involves a third party in line with the reporting procedure, as outlined below.

5.2 If the Parish Council finds that the allegation is well-founded, it will take steps deemed necessary in order to remedy this complaint. This can include, but is not limited to:

- Warning the individual about the inappropriate nature of their behaviour.
- Banning the individual from the Parish Council's Meetings.
- Reporting the individual's actions to the police.

In addition to this, The Parish Council will endeavour to take all reasonable steps to deter and prevent any form of harassment from third parties taking place.

6.0 Responsibilities (Employee responsibilities)

6.1 The Parish Council requires its employees to behave appropriately and professionally at all times during the working day, and this may extend to events outside of working hours which are classed as work-related such as social events. Employees should not engage in discriminatory, harassing or aggressive behaviour towards any other person at any time.

6.2 Any form of harassment or victimisation may lead to disciplinary action up to and including dismissal if it is committed:

- In a work situation.
- During any situation related to work, such as a social event.
- Against a councillor or other person connected to the employer outside of a work situation, including on social media.
- Against anyone outside of a work situation where the incident is relevant to their suitability to carry out the role.

6.3 A breach of this policy will be treated as a disciplinary matter.

7.0 Responsibilities (The Parish Council's Responsibilities)

7.1 The Parish Council will be responsible for ensuring all members of staff, including seniors and those within management positions, understand the rules and policies relating to the prevention of harassing and bullying behaviour at work and during work-related social events. It will promote a professional and positive workplace whereby managers are alert and proactively identifying areas of risk and incidents of harassment, sexual harassment and bullying.

7.2 The Parish Council will also take into account aggravating factors, such as abuse of power over a more junior colleague, when deciding what disciplinary action to take.

7.3 Where an incident is witnessed, or a complaint is made under this policy, the Parish Council will take prompt action to deal with this matter. All incidents will be deemed serious and be dealt within a sensitive and confidential manner.

8.0 Complaining about Harassment and/or Bullying (Informal Method)

8.1 The Parish Council recognises that the complaints of personal harassment, and particularly of sexual harassment, can sometimes be of a sensitive or intimate nature that it may not be appropriate for an employee to raise the issue through the normal grievance procedure. In these circumstances the employee is encouraged to raise such issues with a senior colleague (whether or not that person has direct supervisory responsibility) as a confidential helper.

8.2 If the employee is a victim of minor harassment, they should make it clear to the harasser on an informal basis that their behaviour is unwelcome and ask the harasser to stop. If they feel unable to do this verbally then they should hand a written request to the harasser, and the confidential helper can assist with this.

9.0 Complaining about Harassment and/or Bullying (Formal Method)

9.1 Where the informal approach fails or if the harassment is more serious, the employee should bring the matter to the attention of the line manager as a formal written grievance and again the confidential helper can assist with this. If possible, notes should be kept of the harassment so that the written complaint can include the evidence of the harassment. This can include:

- The name of the alleged harasser.
- The nature of the alleged harassment.
- The dates and times when the alleged harassment occurred.
- The names of any witnesses.
- Any action already taken to stop the alleged harassment.

9.2 Where it is not possible to make the formal complaint to the above-named person, for example where they are the alleged harasser, the employee is encouraged to raise the complaint with a member of the Personnel Committee.

9.3 On receipt of a formal complaint the Parish Council will take action to separate the

employee from the alleged harasser to enable an uninterrupted investigation to take place. This may involve a temporary transfer of the alleged harasser to another work area or suspension with contractual pay until the matter has been resolved.

9.4 On conclusion of the investigation, which will normally be within 7 days of the meeting with the employee, a report of the findings will be submitted to the person/s who will hold the grievance meeting.

9.5 The employee will be invited to attend the meeting, at a reasonable time and location, to discuss the matter once the person/s hearing the grievance has had the opportunity to read the report. The employee will have the right to be accompanied at such a meeting by a colleague, union representative of a friend/family member and must take all reasonable steps to attend. Those involved in the investigation will be expected to act in confidence and any breach of confidence will be a disciplinary matter.

9.6 The employee will be able to put their case forward at the meeting and the person/s having read the report will explain the outcome of the investigation. The employee has the right to appeal the outcome, which is to be made to the Parish Clerk within 7 days of receiving the outcome. The Parish Clerk will pass it on to the appropriate person.

9.7 If the decision is that the allegation is well founded, the harasser will be liable to disciplinary action in accordance with the Council's disciplinary procedure up to and including dismissal.

9.8 The Parish Council is committed to ensuring employees are not discouraged from using This procedure and no employee will be victimised for having brought up a complaint.

This is a non-contractual procedure, which will be reviewed annually.

Approved and Implemented by Full Sutton and Skirpenbeck Parish Council on Monday 16th December 2024.